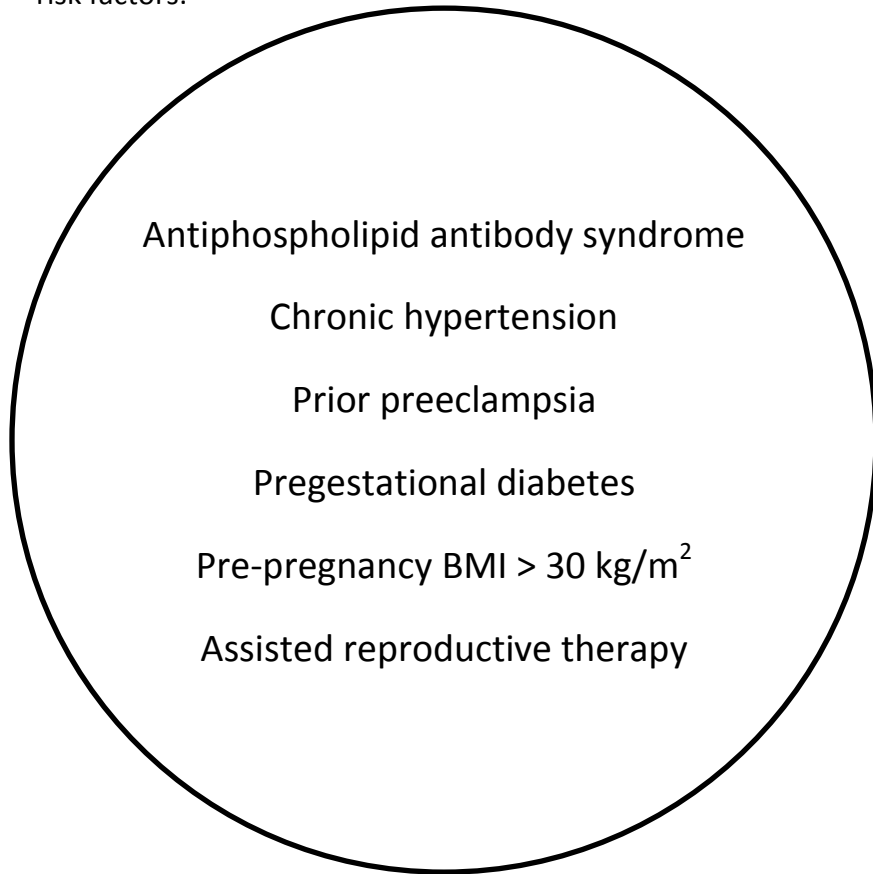
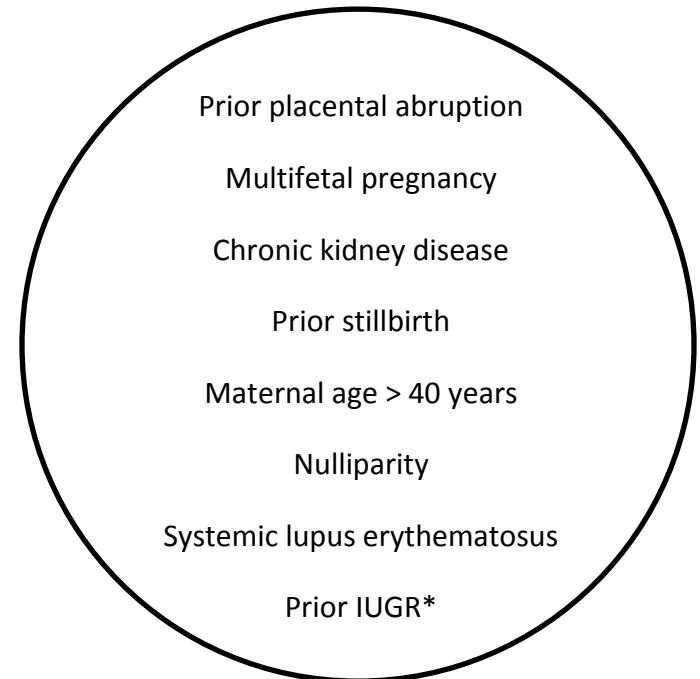


A conceptual framework for identifying a woman at high risk of preeclampsia, in whom ASA would be recommended, based on individual clinical risk factors determined by 16 weeks gestation. ASA would be justified in a woman with a strong solitary risk factor (left circle), or two less prominent risk factors (right circle). BMI body mass index; IUGR intrauterine growth restriction.

ASA may be warranted if a woman has one of the following risk factors:



ASA may be warranted if woman has two or more of the following risk factors:



\*There is a high level of uncertainty about the strength of the relation between prior IUGR and subsequent preeclampsia.

**Based upon:** Bartsch E, Medcalf K, Park A, Ray JG and the High Risk of Preeclampsia Identification Group. Clinical risk factors for preeclampsia determined in early pregnancy: a systematic review and meta-analysis of large cohort studies.